

CSL 356

Algorithm Design & Analysis

→ www.cse.iitd.ernet.in/~ssen

Sandeep Sen off. 428

CSL 201 = Data Structure

Discrete Str. ——— Recurrence
reln & solns

elementary Discrete Probability

Lecture Notes

(Reference books)

→ ① Dasgupta, Papadimitrou & Vazirani

→ ② Corman, Leiserson, Rivest, S

→ ③ Aho Hopcroft & Ullman

→ ④ ——— & Tardos

2 Minor

Major

Assignments Quizzes

20% each

40%

6 3
20%

Tutorial 1 - 1:50

Venue II A 201

Question

1. Can we design an ^{*}algorithm for any "problem"?
(computational)

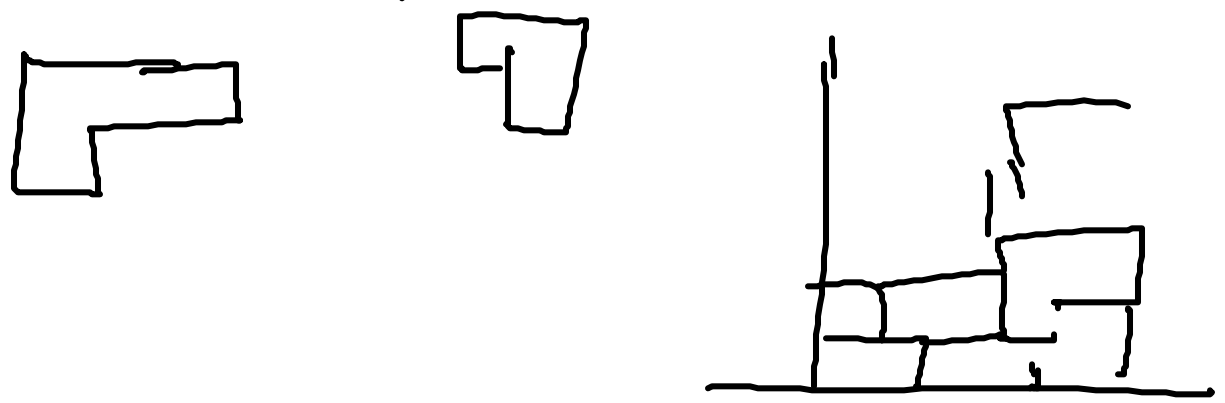
* Properties

- ① must be correct for all inputs
- ② must terminate

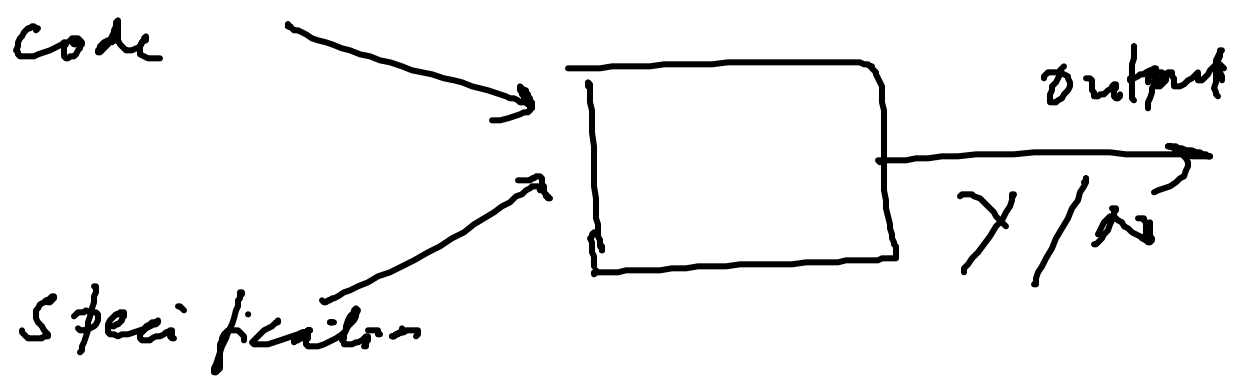
Answer \hookrightarrow "No"

\rightarrow Goedel Incompleteness Theorem

Tiling Problems



Proving Correctness of Programs (using programs)



Designing of "Efficient" algorithms

Running Time

Space

Time Complexity

Space Complexity

Measure / Estimate of time / space

- the program takes and often expressed as (asymptotic behavior) functions of input-size

using 'O' - Big Oh notation

$$O(n^2) \quad O(n^3 \log^3 n) \dots$$

$$O(n^2 + n \log n) \sim O(n^2)$$

Design and then analyze

Computational Model



$$O(n^2)$$

$$O\left(\frac{n^2}{p}\right)$$

processors

→ What are capabilities of
a processors { basic instruction
set

→ clock speed

Computing the n^{th} Fibonacci No

$$\rightarrow F_0 = 0 \quad F_1 = 1 \quad F_i = F_{i-1} + F_{i-2}$$