SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

Mausam

(With slides from Jan Wiebe, Kavita Ganesan, Heng Ji, Dan Jurafsky, Chris Manning)
“What people think?”

What others think has always been an important piece of information

“Which car should I buy?”

“Which schools should I apply to?”

“Which Professor to work for?”

“Whom should I vote for?”
“So whom shall I ask?”

Pre Web
  • Friends and relatives
  • Acquaintances
  • Consumer Reports

Post Web
  “...I don’t know who..but apparently it’s a good phone. It has good battery life and...”
  • Blogs (google blogs, livejournal)
  • E-commerce sites (amazon, ebay)
  • Review sites (CNET, PC Magazine)
  • Discussion forums (forums.craigslist.org,
    forums.macrumors.com)
  • Friends and Relatives (occasionally)
“Whoala! I have the reviews I need”

Now that I have “too much” information on one topic…I could easily form my opinion and make decisions…

Is this true?

…Not Quite

Searching for reviews may be difficult
Can you search for opinions as conveniently as general Web search?
eg: is it easy to search for “iPhone vs Google Phone”? 
“Let me look at reviews on one site only…”

Problems?

- Biased views
  - all reviewers on one site may have the same opinion

- Fake reviews/Spam (sites like YellowPages, CitySearch are prone to this)
  - people post good reviews about their own product OR services
  - some posts are plain spams
Coincidence or Fake?

Reviews for a moving company from YellowPages

- # of merchants reviewed by the each of these reviewers ➔ 1
- Review dates close to one another
- All rated 5 star
- Reviewers seem to know exact names of people working in the company and TOO many positive mentions

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**THE BEST!!!**
11/30/2007 Posted by karen
NorthStar did an outstanding job of packing and moving my things. Quite frankly I was expecting some things to be broken. However, to my surprise not one thing was broken and everything went as smooth as could be expected. I had approximately 15,000 lbs. of items to move. I am very impressed with NorthStar and I would not hesitate to utilize them again for my next move. All of the young men who assisted in packing and loading were very hard working and polite.

**Pros:** everything was great

**GOOD MOVING**
10/11/2007 Posted by banlee777
About a month ago, on Sep 12, we hired NorthStar Moving to move our belongings from our house in Van Nus to the Highway Storage place in Santa Clara. We would like to express our sincere thanks and appreciation for the professional work that was carried out by NorthStar team of workers. In particular, we would like to mention the four NorthStar workers; Roy Ashual, Moshiko Haziza, Guillermo Molise and Roberto Mendoza for their very dedicated service. Besides being good natured and helpful, they worked very well and took good care of our personal effects. We would definitely refer them and NorthStar Moving to any of our friends who are looking for a good moving company.

**Great movers**
10/08/2007 Posted by shelly_morgan
I wanted to thank the Northstar Moving group for a fabulous job. We hired Northstar Moving on August 4th to move us out of two storage units and where we were staying to our new home in Los Angeles. I had gone through surgery on the 2nd and was in no condition to move around a lot. The Northstar Moving team was great. I slept in while my husband met them at the first pick-up point. Then they came to the 2nd and that is where I met them. When we arrived at the new house they found something for me to sit on and I set in one place in the garage telling them which room the items went. They were great! They had wonderful personalities, I have never had so much fun moving (even if I was in some pain). Northstar thank you again for the great team and customer service.
Problem Names

Subjectivity Analysis
- Review Mining
- Appraisal Extraction
- Sentiment Analysis
- Opinion Mining

Synonymous & Interchangeably Used!
So, what is Subjectivity?

• The **linguistic** expression of somebody’s **opinions**, **sentiments**, **emotions**….. **(private states)**

• **private state**: state that is not open to objective verification *(Quirk, Greenbaum, Leech, Svartvik (1985). A Comprehensive Grammar of the English Language.)*

• **Subjectivity analysis** - is the computational study of **affect**, **opinions**, and **sentiments** expressed in text
  • blogs
  • editorials
  • reviews (of products, movies, books, etc.)
  • newspaper articles
Review posted on a tech blog

InfoWorld

- summary is structured
- everything else is plain text
- mixture of objective and subjective information
- no separation between positives and negatives

CNET

- nice structure
- positives and negatives separated

Tech BLOG

- everything is plain text
- no separation between positives and negatives
With mature and well-established QWERTY devices in hand and Research in Motion known to be capable of handling the iPhone 3G needs to be weighed against alternative, and enterprise-focused handsets to set the bar. As you 2007 iPhone to fall far short of professional standards to be missing so much.

Not everyone thinks the iPhone to enterprise-class. One argues Apple must fix 13 iPhone flaws before it’s a

This time around, there are two new products under Apple’s pair of new 8GB and 16GB phone models (with respectively, for AT&T customers who agree to a NoSync, AxioSync, Assisted GPS (A-GPS), and 1Mbps 3G with the iPhone 3G, software, Apple’s new iPhone firmware update includes if you end up with a device that is, access for GPS and 3G. The iPod Touch is also usable to iPod.

I’ve taken to referring to first-gen iPhone and iPod Touch, which now identifies a consistently implemented Mac operating system, unlike Apple clients computers. Whichever platform that’s making specific reference to Apple’s new hand

Second time’s the charm

Apple has transformed iPhone into a mobile phone that’s as expensive as an enterprise user. I make that recommendation after testing of the iPhone 3G against Apple’s claims. Those who like them, I’m pointing out the judgment about the iPhone can’t be rephrased if you’ve trusted your digital future.

Clearly, I weren’t in time to carry it that far, but the iPhone software meets the expectations set by Apple, and Apple’s produced a mobile device platform that holds their E-Series, P-series, Blackberry, and Windows Mobile 6. In the final analysis, the iPhone 3G delivers.

The good:
The Apple iPhone has a stunning display, a sleek design, and an innovative multitouch user interface. Its Safari browser makes for a superb Web surfing experience, and it offers easy-to-use apps. As an iPod, it shines.

The bad:
The Apple iPhone has variable call quality and lacks some basic features found in many cell phones, including stereo Bluetooth support and 3G compatibility. Integrated memory is stingy for an iPod, and you have to sync the iPhone to manage music content.

The bottom line:
Despite some important missing features, a slow data network, and call quality that doesn’t always deliver, the Apple iPhone sets a new benchmark for an integrated cell phone and MP3 player.

Specifications:
- OS provided: Apple MacOS X; Band / mode: GSM 850/900/1800/1900 (Quadband); Wireless connectivity: IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, Bluetooth 2.0 EDR; See full specs

See all products in the Apple iPhone series

CNET editors’ review
Reviewed by: Kent T. Edited by: Lindsey Turk. CNET review

See more iPhone reviews on InfoWorld - tech news site

See my NEW iPhone 3G review

Let me start off by saying that while I’m a fan of Apple’s success and products, I’m not one of those people that blindly apologizes for their products no matter what. I’ll be the first to say that something works or it doesn’t. My friends and many of you come to me all the time because they want my HONEST assessment. So I wanted a couple of days with the iPhone to really take it through its paces and see if this new phone is what’s hyped up to be. You must also understand that there isn’t a smartphone out there that I think is perfect. As a matter of fact before the iPhone there were basically 4 smartphone OSs, Palm, Blackberry, Symbian and Windows Mobile. I stuck with Palm because it was the lesser of the 4 evils or the one that sucks least. Palm has a UI (user interface) that is really zero innovation. However, there are thousands of 3G Blackberry doesn’t have a touch screen or tap pad/thumb wheel. Also the Blackberry is considered (etc.) Symbian looked very promising, but I was how slooooow it was and that there were very few apps posted up on him just last week right in front of me.
Subjectivity Analysis on iPhone Reviews

Individual’s Perspective

• Highlight of what is good and bad about iPhone
  • Ex. Tech blog may contain mixture of information
• Combination of good and bad from the different sites (*tech blog, InfoWorld and CNET*)
  • Complementing information
  • Contrasting opinions
  Ex.

  **CNET:** *The iPhone lacks some basic features*

  **Tech Blog:** *The iPhone has a complete set of features*
Subjectivity Analysis on iPhone Reviews

Business’ Perspective

• **Apple**: What do consumers think about iPhone?
  • Do they like it?
  • What do they dislike?
  • What are the major complaints?
  • What features should we add?

• **Apple’s competitor**:  
  • What are iPhone’s weaknesses?
  • How can we compete with them?
  • Do people like everything about it?

Known as Business Intelligence
# Google Product Search

## HP Officejet 6500A Plus e-All-in-One Color Inkjet - Fax / copier / printer / scanner

$89 online, $100 nearby  ★★★★★ 377 reviews

September 2010 - Printer - HP - Inkjet - Office - Copier - Color - Scanner - Fax - 250 sheets

## Reviews

**Summary** - Based on 377 reviews

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1 star</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4 stars</th>
<th>5 stars</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### What people are saying

- **ease of use**: "This was very easy to setup to four computers."
- **value**: "Appreciate good quality at a fair price."
- **setup**: "Overall pretty easy setup."
- **customer service**: "I DO like honest tech support people."
- **size**: "Pretty Paper weight."
- **mode**: "Photos were fair on the high quality mode."
- **colors**: "Full color prints came out with great quality."
Bing Shopping

HP Officejet 6500A E710N Multifunction Printer

Product summary  Find best price  Customer reviews  Specifications  Related items

$121.53 - $242.39 (14 stores)

Compare

Average rating

★★★★★ (55)
★★★★☆ (54)
★★★★☆ (10)
★★★★☆ (6)
★★★★☆ (23)
★★★★☆ (0)

Most mentioned

Performance (57)
Ease of Use (43)
Print Speed (39)
Connectivity (31)

Show reviews by source

Best Buy (140)
CNET (5)
Amazon.com (3)
Twitter sentiment versus Gallup Poll of Consumer Confidence

Twitter sentiment:

Bollen et al. (2011)

- CALM predicts DJIA 3 days later
- At least one current hedge fund uses this algorithm
Target Sentiment on Twitter

Twitter Sentiment App

Alec Go, Richa Bhayani, Lei Huang. 2009. Twitter Sentiment Classification using Distant Supervision

Type in a word and we'll highlight the good and the bad

"united airlines"

Sentiment analysis for "united airlines"

Sentiment by Percent

Positive (32%)
Negative (68%)

Sentiment by Count

Positive (11)
Negative (23)

OmG... Could @United Airlines have worse customer service? W8g now 15 minutes on hold 4 questions about a flight 2DAY that need a human.

I hate United Airlines Ceiling!!! F ukn impossible to get my conduit in this damn mess! ?

EML/PRG fly with Q8 united airlines and 24seven to an exotic destination. http://t.co/Z9QloAjF

FANTASTIC customer service from United Airlines at XNA today. Is tweet more, but cell phones off now!
Application Areas Summarized

- Businesses and organizations: interested in opinions
  - product and service benchmarking
  - market intelligence
  - survey on a topic
- Individuals: interested in other’s opinions when
  - Purchasing a product
  - Using a service
  - Tracking political topics
  - Other decision making tasks
- Ads placements: Placing ads in user-generated content
  - Place an ad when one praises a product
  - Place an ad from a competitor if one criticizes a product
- Opinion search: providing general search for opinions
- Text-driven forecasting: insights about other areas from text
Definition
Scherer Typology of Affective States

- **Emotion**: brief organically synchronized ... evaluation of a major event
  - angry, sad, joyful, fearful, ashamed, proud, elated
- **Mood**: diffuse non-caused low-intensity long-duration change in subjective feeling
  - cheerful, gloomy, irritable, listless, depressed, buoyant
- **Interpersonal stances**: affective stance toward another person in a specific interaction
  - friendly, flirtatious, distant, cold, warm, supportive, contemptuous
- **Attitudes**: enduring, affectively colored beliefs, dispositions towards objects or persons
  - liking, loving, hating, valuing, desiring
- **Personality traits**: stable personality dispositions and typical behavior tendencies
  - nervous, anxious, reckless, morose, hostile, jealous
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of affective state: brief definition (examples)</th>
<th>Intensity</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Synchronization</th>
<th>Event focus</th>
<th>Appraisal elicitation</th>
<th>Rapidly of change</th>
<th>Behavioral impact</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emotion: relatively brief episode of synchronized response of all or most organismic subsystems in response to the evaluation of an external or internal event as being of major significance (angry, sad, joyful, fearful, ashamed, proud, elated, desperate)</td>
<td>++ + + + + +</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mood: diffuse affect state, most pronounced as change in subjective feeling, of low intensity but relatively long duration, often without apparent cause (cheerful, gloomy, irritable, listless, depressed, buoyant)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interpersonal stances: affective stance taken toward another person in a specific interaction, colouring the interpersonal exchange in that situation (distant, cold, warm, supportive, contemptuous)</td>
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<td>++ +</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attitudes: relatively enduring, affectively coloured beliefs, preferences, and predispositions towards objects or persons (liking, loving, hating, valueing, desiring)</td>
<td>0 + + +</td>
<td>+ + + + + +</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0 +</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personality traits: emotionally laden, stable personality dispositions and behavior tendencies, typical for a person (nervous, anxious, reckless, morose, hostile, envious, jealous)</td>
<td>0 + +</td>
<td>+ + +</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0: low, +: medium, ++: high, ++++: very high, -: indicates a range.
Scherer Typology of Affective States

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Sentiment Analysis

• Sentiment analysis is the detection of **attitudes**
  “enduring, affectively colored beliefs, dispositions towards objects or persons”

1. **Holder (source)** of attitude
2. **Target (aspect)** of attitude
3. **Type** of attitude
   • From a set of types
     • *Like, love, hate, value, desire,* etc.
   • Or (more commonly) simple weighted **polarity**:
     • *positive, negative, neutral,* together with **strength**
4. **Text** containing the attitude
   • Sentence or entire document
Sentiment Analysis

• Simplest task:
  • Is the attitude of this text positive or negative?

• More complex:
  • Rank the attitude of this text from 1 to 5

• Advanced:
  • Detect the target, source, or complex attitude types
Sentiment Analysis

- Simplest task:
  - Is the attitude of this text positive or negative?

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- Advanced:
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Baseline Algorithms
Sentiment Classification in Movie Reviews


- Polarity detection:
  - Is an IMDB movie review positive or negative?
- Data: *Polarity Data 2.0*:
  - [http://www.cs.cornell.edu/people/pabo/movie-review-data](http://www.cs.cornell.edu/people/pabo/movie-review-data)
when _star wars_ came out some twenty years ago, the image of traveling throughout the stars has become a commonplace image. [...] when han solo goes light speed, the stars change to bright lines, going towards the viewer in lines that converge at an invisible point.

cool.

_october sky_ offers a much simpler image—that of a single white dot, traveling horizontally across the night sky. [...] "snake eyes" is the most aggravating kind of movie: the kind that shows so much potential then becomes unbelievably disappointing. it’s not just because this is a brian depalma film, and since he’s a great director and one who’s films are always greeted with at least some fanfare.

and it’s not even because this was a film starring nicolas cage and since he gives a brauvara performance, this film is hardly worth his talents.
Baseline Algorithm (adapted from Pang and Lee)

- Tokenization
- Feature Extraction
- Classification using different classifiers
  - Naïve Bayes
  - MaxEnt
  - SVM
Sentiment Tokenization Issues

- Deal with HTML and XML markup
- Twitter mark-up (names, hash tags)
- Capitalization (preserve for words in all caps)
- Phone numbers, dates
- Emoticons
Extracting Features for Sentiment Classification

• How to handle negation
  • I didn’t like this movie
  • I really like this movie

• Which words to use?
  • Only adjectives
  • All words
    • All words turns out to work better, at least on this data
Negation

Add NOT_ to every word between negation and following punctuation:

didn’t like this movie , but I

didn’t NOT_like NOT_this NOT_movie but I

Accounting for Negation

• Let us consider the following positive sentence:
  • Example:  \textit{Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!}

• Rest of Sentence (RoS):
  • Following:  \textit{Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!}
  • Around:  \textit{Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!}

• First Sentiment-Carrying Word (FSW):
  • Following:  \textit{Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!}
  • Around:  \textit{Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!}

Determining Negation Scope and Strength in Sentiment Analysis, Hogenboom et al SMC 2011.
Accounting for Negation

• Let us consider the following positive sentence:
  • Example:  *Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!*

• Next Non-Adverb (NNA):
  • Following:  *Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!*

• Fixed Window Length (FWL):
  • Following (3):  *Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!*
  • Around (3):  *Luckily, the smelly poo did not leave awfully nasty stains on my favorite shoes!*

SMC 2011
KEYWORDS SELECTION FROM TEXT

- Pang et. al. (2002)
  - Binary Classification of unigrams
    - Positive
    - Negative
  - Unigram method reached 80% accuracy.

N-GRAM BASED CLASSIFICATION

- Learn N-Grams (frequencies) from pre-annotated training data.
- Use this model to classify new incoming sample.
PART-OF-SPEECH BASED PATTERNS

• Extract POS patterns from training data.
• Usually used for subjective vs objective classification.
• Adjectives and Adverbs contain sentiments
• Example patterns
  • *-JJ-NN : trigram pattern
  • JJ-NNP : bigram pattern
  • *-JJ : bigram pattern
Reminder: Naïve Bayes

\[ c_{NB} = \arg\max_{c_j \in C} P(c_j) \quad \text{subject to} \quad P(w_i \mid c_j) \]

\[ \hat{P}(w \mid c) = \frac{\text{count}(w, c) + 1}{\text{count}(c) + |V|} \]
Binarized (Boolean feature) Multinomial Naïve Bayes

• Intuition:
  • For sentiment (and probably for other text classification domains)
  • Word occurrence may matter more than word frequency
    • The occurrence of the word *fantastic* tells us a lot
    • The fact that it occurs 5 times may not tell us much more.
  • Boolean Multinomial Naïve Bayes
    • Clips all the word counts in each document at 1
Boolean Multinomial Naïve Bayes: Learning

- From training corpus, extract *Vocabulary*

- Calculate $P(c_j)$ terms
  - For each $c_j$ in $C$ do
    - $docs_j \leftarrow$ all docs with class $= c_j$
    
    $P(c_j) \leftarrow \frac{|docs_j|}{|\text{total # documents}|}$

- Calculate $P(w_k \mid c_j)$ terms
  - Remove single doc containing all $docs_j$
  - For each word type $w_k$ in Vocabulary
    - Retain only a single instance of $w_k$
    
    $P(w_k \mid c_j) \leftarrow \frac{n_k + \frac{\text{total # documents}}{|Vocabulary|}}{n +}$
Boolean Multinomial Naïve Bayes on a test document $d$

- First remove all duplicate words from $d$
- Then compute NB using the same equation:

$$c_{NB} = \arg\max_{c_j \in C} P(c_j) \prod_{i \in \text{positions}} P(w_i | c_j)$$
Other issues in Classification

• MaxEnt and SVM tend to do better than Naïve Bayes
Problems: What makes reviews hard to classify?

- **Subtlety:**
  - Perfume review in *Perfumes: the Guide*:
    - “If you are reading this because it is your darling fragrance, please wear it at home exclusively, and tape the windows shut.”
  - Dorothy Parker on Katherine Hepburn
    - “She runs the gamut of emotions from A to B”
CHALLENGES

- Ambiguous words
  - This music cd is literal waste of time. (negative)
  - Please throw your waste material here. (neutral)
- Sarcasm detection and handling
  - “All the features you want - too bad they don’t work. :-P”
- (Almost) No resources and tools for low/scarce resource languages like Indian languages.
Hi,

I have Haier phone. It was good when i was buying this phone. But I invented A lot of bad features by this phone those are It’s cost is low but Software is not good and Battery is very bad., They are no signals at outside of the city., People can’t understand this type of software., There aren’t features in this phone, Design is better not good., Sound also bad. So I’m not interested this side. They are giving head phones it is good. They are giving more talk time and validity these are also good. They are giving colour screen at display time it is also good because other phones are not this type of feature. It is also low wait.
I suggest that instead of fillings songs in tunes you should fill tunes (not made of songs) only. The phone has good popularity in old age people. Third I had tried much for its data cable but I find it nowhere. It should be supplied with set with some extra cost.

Good features of this phone are its cheapest price and durability. It should have some features more than Nokia 1200. It is easily available in market and repair is also available.

From: www.mouthshut.com
Subject Centrality

I have this personal experience of using this cell phone. I bought it one and half years back. It had modern features that a normal cell phone has, and the look is excellent. I was very impressed by the design. I bought it for Rs. 8000. It was a gift for someone. It worked fine for first one month, and then started the series of multiple faults it has. First the speaker didn’t work, I took it to the service centre (which is like a govt. office with no work). It took 15 days to repair the handset, moreover they charged me Rs. 500. Then after 15 days again the mike didn’t work, then again same set of time was consumed for the repairs and it continued. Later the camera didn’t work, the speaks were rubbish, it used to hang. It started restarting automatically. And the govt. office had staff which I doubt have any knowledge of cell phones?? These multiple faults continued for as long as one year, when the warranty period ended. In this period of time I spent a considerable amount on the petrol, a lot of time (as the service centre is a govt. office). And at last the phone is still working, but now it works as a paper weight. The company who produces such items must be sacked. I understand that it might be fault with one particular handset, but the company itself never bothered for replacement and I have never seen such miserable cust service. For a common man like me, Rs. 8000 is a big amount. And I spent almost the same amount to get it work, if any has a good suggestion and can guide me how to sue such companies, please guide.

For this the quality team is faulty, the cust service is really miserable and the worst condition of any organisation I have ever seen is with the service centre for Fly and Sony Erricon, (it’s near Sancheti hospital, Pune). I don’t have any thing else to say.

From: www.mouthshut.com
Thwarted Expectations and Ordering Effects

• “This film should be brilliant. It sounds like a great plot, the actors are first grade, and the supporting cast is good as well, and Stallone is attempting to deliver a good performance. However, it can’t hold up.”

• Well as usual Keanu Reeves is nothing special, but surprisingly, the very talented Laurence Fishbourne is not so good either, I was surprised.
Thwarted Expectations and Ordering Effects

• “This film should be **brilliant**. It sounds like a **great** plot, the actors are **first grade**, and the supporting cast is **good** as well, and Stallone is attempting to deliver a good performance. However, it **can’t hold up**.”

• Well as usual Keanu Reeves is nothing special, but surprisingly, the **very talented** Laurence Fishbourne is **not so good** either, I was surprised.
Sentiment Lexicons
The General Inquirer


- Home page: [http://www.wjh.harvard.edu/~inquirer](http://www.wjh.harvard.edu/~inquirer)
- List of Categories: [http://www.wjh.harvard.edu/~inquirer/homecat.htm](http://www.wjh.harvard.edu/~inquirer/homecat.htm)
- Spreadsheet: [http://www.wjh.harvard.edu/~inquirer/inquirerbasic.xls](http://www.wjh.harvard.edu/~inquirer/inquirerbasic.xls)
- Categories:
  - Positiv (1915 words) and Negativ (2291 words)
  - Strong vs Weak, Active vs Passive, Overstated versus Understated
  - Pleasure, Pain, Virtue, Vice, Motivation, Cognitive Orientation, etc
- Free for Research Use
LIWC (Linguistic Inquiry and Word Count)


- Home page: http://www.liwc.net/
- 2300 words, >70 classes
- **Affective Processes**
  - negative emotion (*bad, weird, hate, problem, tough*)
  - positive emotion (*love, nice, sweet*)
- **Cognitive Processes**
  - Tentative (*maybe, perhaps, guess*), Inhibition (*block, constraint*)
- **Pronouns, Negation** (*no, never*), **Quantifiers** (*few, many*)
- $30 or $90 fee
MPQA Subjectivity Cues Lexicon


- 6885 words
  - 2718 positive
  - 4912 negative
- Each word annotated for intensity (strong, weak)
- GNU GPL
Bing Liu Opinion Lexicon


- Bing Liu's Page on Opinion Mining
- http://www.cs.uic.edu/~liub/FBS/opinion-lexicon-English.rar

- 6786 words
  - 2006 positive
  - 4783 negative
SentiWordNet

Stefano Baccianella, Andrea Esuli, and Fabrizio Sebastiani. 2010
SENTIWORDNET 3.0: An Enhanced Lexical Resource for Sentiment Analysis and Opinion Mining. LREC-2010

- Home page: [http://sentiwordnet.isti.cnr.it/](http://sentiwordnet.isti.cnr.it/)
- All WordNet synsets automatically annotated for degrees of positivity, negativity, and neutrality/objectiveness
- \([\text{estimable}(J,3)]\) “may be computed or estimated”
  \[
  \begin{array}{ccc}
  \text{Pos} & \text{Neg} & \text{Obj} \\
  0 & 0 & 1 \\
  \end{array}
  \]
- \([\text{estimable}(J,1)]\) “deserving of respect or high regard”
  \[
  \begin{array}{ccc}
  \text{Pos} & \text{Neg} & \text{Obj} \\
  .75 & 0 & .25 \\
  \end{array}
  \]
ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

- Advantages
  - Fast
  - No Training data necessary
  - Good initial accuracy
- Disadvantages
  - Does not deal with multiple word senses
  - Does not work for multiple word phrases
Disagreements between polarity lexicons

Christopher Potts, *Sentiment Tutorial*, 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Opinion Lexicon</th>
<th>General Inquirer</th>
<th>SentiWordNet</th>
<th>LIWC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>MPQA</strong></td>
<td>33/5402 (0.6%)</td>
<td>49/2867 (2%)</td>
<td>1127/4214 (27%)</td>
<td>12/363 (3%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Opinion Lexicon</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Inquirer</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>32/2411 (1%)</td>
<td>1004/3994 (25%)</td>
<td>9/403 (2%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SentiWordNet</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>520/2306 (23%)</td>
<td>1/204 (0.5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LIWC</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>174/694 (25%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Christopher Potts,* *Sentiment Tutorial*, 2011
Analyzing the polarity of each word in IMDB


- How likely is each word to appear in each sentiment class?
- Count(“bad”) in 1-star, 2-star, 3-star, etc.
- But can’t use raw counts:
- Instead, likelihood:
  \[ P(w \mid c) = \frac{f(w, c)}{f(w, c)^w c} \]
- Make them comparable between words
  - Scaled likelihood:
  \[ P(w \mid c) \]
  \[ P(w) \]
Analyzing the polarity of each word in IMDB

Other sentiment feature: Logical negation


• Is logical negation (no, not) associated with negative sentiment?
• Potts experiment:
  • Count negation (not, n’t, no, never) in online reviews
  • Regress against the review rating
Potts 2011 Results:
More negation in negative sentiment

IMDB (4,073,228 tokens)

Five-star reviews (846,444 tokens)
Semi-supervised learning of lexicons

- Use a small amount of information
  - A few labeled examples
  - A few hand-built patterns
- To **bootstrap** a lexicon
Using WordNet to learn polarity

- WordNet: online thesaurus (covered in later lecture).
- Create positive (“good”) and negative seed-words (“terrible”)
- Find Synonyms and Antonyms
  - Positive Set: Add synonyms of positive words (“well”) and antonyms of negative words
  - Negative Set: Add synonyms of negative words (“awful”) and antonyms of positive words (“evil”)
- Repeat, following chains of synonyms
- Filter

WordNet

(7) S: (adj) brainy, brilliant, smart as a whip (having or marked by unusual and impressive intelligence) "some men dislike brainy women"; "a brilliant mind"; "a brilliant solution to the problem"

- similar to
  - S: (adj) intelligent (having the capacity for thought and reason especially to a high degree) "is there intelligent life in the universe?"; "an intelligent question"

- derivationally related form
  - W: (n) briliancy [Related to: brilliant] (a quality that outshines the usual)
  - W: (n) brilliance [Related to: brilliant] (unusual mental ability)

- antonym
  - W: (adj) unintelligent [Indirect via intelligent] (lacking intelligence) "a dull job with lazy and unintelligent co-workers"
WordNet

- (7) **S**: (adj) brainy, **brilliant**, **smart as a whip** (having or marked by unusual and impressive intelligence) "some men dislike brainy women"); "a brilliant mind"; "a brilliant solution to the problem"
  - **similar to**
    - **S**: (adj) **intelligent** (having the capacity for thought and reason especially to a high degree) "is there intelligent life in the universe?"; "an intelligent question"
  - **derivationally related form**
    - **W**: (n) **brillancy** [Related to: **brilliant**] (a quality that outshines the usual)
    - **W**: (n) **brilliance** [Related to: **brilliant**] (unusual mental ability)
  - **antonym**
    - **W**: (adj) un**intelligent** [Indirect via **intelligent**] (lacking intelligence) "a dull job with lazy and unintelligent co-workers"
WordNet relations

- (7) **S**: (adj) *brainy, brilliant, smart as a whip* (having or marked by unusual and impressive intelligence) "some men dislike brainy women"; "a brilliant mind"; "a brilliant solution to the problem"
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WordNet glosses

- (7) **S: (adj) brainy, brilliant, smart as a whip** (having or marked by unusual and impressive intelligence) "some men dislike brainy women"; "a brilliant mind", "a brilliant solution to the problem"
  - similar to
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Semisupervised learning of lexicons

• Use a small amount of information
  • A few labeled examples
  • A few hand-built patterns
• To bootstrap a lexicon
Hatzivassiloglou and McKeown intuition for identifying word polarity


- Adjectives conjoined by “and” have same polarity
  - Fair and legitimate, corrupt and brutal
  - *fair and brutal, *corrupt and legitimate

- Adjectives conjoined by “but” do not
  - fair but brutal
Hatzivassiloglou & McKeown 1997

Step 1

• Label seed set of 1336 adjectives (all >20 in 21 million word WSJ corpus)
  • 657 positive
    • adequate central clever famous intelligent remarkable reputed sensitive slender thriving…
  • 679 negative
    • contagious drunken ignorant lanky listless primitive strident troublesome unresolved unsuspecting…
Step 2

• Expand seed set to conjoined adjectives

Google: "was nice and"

Nice location in Porto and the front desk staff was nice and helpful... www.tripadvisor.com/ShowUserReviews-g189180-d206904-r12068...
Mercure Porto Centro: Nice location in Porto and the front desk staff was nice and helpful - See traveler reviews, 77 candid photos, and great deals for Porto, ...

If a girl was nice and classy, but had some vibrant purple dye in ...
answers.yahoo.com > Home > All Categories > Beauty & Style > Hair +1
4 answers - Sep 21
Question: Your personal opinion or what you think other people's opinions might ...
Top answer: I think she would be cool and confident like katy perry :)
3. A supervised learning algorithm builds a graph of adjectives linked by the same or different semantic orientation
4. A **clustering algorithm** partitions the adjectives into two subsets
Output polarity lexicon

• Positive
  • bold decisive disturbing generous good honest important large mature patient peaceful positive proud sound stimulating straightforward strange talented vigorous witty…

• Negative
  • ambiguous cautious cynical evasive harmful hypocritical inefficient insecure irrational irresponsible minor outspoken pleasant reckless risky selfish tedious unsupported vulnerable wasteful…
Output polarity lexicon

• Positive
  • bold decisive **disturbing** generous good honest important large mature patient peaceful positive proud sound stimulating straightforward **strange** talented vigorous witty…

• Negative
  • ambiguous **cautious** cynical evasive harmful hypocritical inefficient insecure irrational irresponsible minor **outspoken pleasant** reckless risky selfish tedious unsupported vulnerable wasteful…
Turney Algorithm


1. Extract a *phrasal lexicon* from reviews
2. Learn polarity of each phrase
3. Rate a review by the average polarity of its phrases
Extract two-word phrases with adjectives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Word</th>
<th>Second Word</th>
<th>Third Word (not extracted)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JJ</td>
<td>NN or NNS</td>
<td>anything</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RB, RBR, RBS</td>
<td>JJ</td>
<td>Not NN nor NNS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JJ</td>
<td>JJ</td>
<td>Not NN or NNS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>JJ</td>
<td>Nor NN nor NNS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RB, RBR, or RBS</td>
<td>VB, VBD, VBN, VBG</td>
<td>anything</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to measure polarity of a phrase?

• Positive phrases co-occur more with “excellent”
• Negative phrases co-occur more with “poor”
• But how to measure co-occurrence?
Pointwise Mutual Information

- **Mutual information** between 2 random variables $X$ and $Y$

  \[
  I(X, Y) = P(x, y) \log_2 \frac{P(x,y)}{P(x)P(y)}
  \]

- **Pointwise mutual information:**
  - How much more do events $x$ and $y$ co-occur than if they were independent?

  \[
  \text{PMI}(x, y) = \log_2 \frac{P(x,y)}{P(x)P(y)}
  \]
Pointwise Mutual Information

- **Pointwise mutual information:**
  - How much more do events \( x \) and \( y \) co-occur than if they were independent?

  \[
  \text{PMI}(x, y) = \log_2 \frac{P(x,y)}{P(x)P(y)}
  \]

- **PMI between two words:**
  - How much more do two words co-occur than if they were independent?

  \[
  \text{PMI}(\text{word}_1, \text{word}_2) = \log_2 \frac{P(\text{word}_1,\text{word}_2)}{P(\text{word}_1)P(\text{word}_2)}
  \]
How to Estimate Pointwise Mutual Information

- Query search engine (Altavista)
  - $P(\text{word})$ estimated by $\frac{\text{hits(\text{word})}}{N}$
  - $P(\text{word}_1, \text{word}_2)$ by $\frac{\text{hits(\text{word}_1 \ \text{NEAR} \ \text{word}_2)}}{N}$
    - (More correctly the bigram denominator should be $kN$, because there are a total of $N$ consecutive bigrams $(\text{word}_1, \text{word}_2)$, but $kN$ bigrams that are $k$ words apart, but we just use $N$ on the rest of this slide and the next.)

$$\text{PMI}(\text{word}_1, \text{word}_2) = \log_2 \frac{\frac{1}{N} \text{hits}(\text{word}_1 \ \text{NEAR} \ \text{word}_2)}{\frac{1}{N} \text{hits}(\text{word}_1) \frac{1}{N} \text{hits}(\text{word}_2)}$$
Does phrase appear more with “poor” or “excellent”? 

Polarity(phrase) = PMI(phrase,"excellent") − PMI(phrase,"poor")

= \log_2 \frac{\frac{1}{N} \text{hits(phrase NEAR "excellent"})}{\frac{1}{N} \text{hits(phrase) \frac{1}{N} \text{hits("excellent"})}} \log_2 \frac{\frac{1}{N} \text{hits(phrase NEAR "poor"})}{\frac{1}{N} \text{hits(phrase) \frac{1}{N} \text{hits("poor"})}}

= \log_2 \frac{\text{hits(phrase NEAR "excellent")}}{\text{hits(phrase)\text{hits("excellent")}}} \frac{\text{hits(phrase)\text{hits("poor")}}}{\text{hits(phrase NEAR "poor")}}

= \log_2 \frac{\text{hits(phrase NEAR "excellent")\text{hits("poor")}}}{\text{hits(phrase NEAR "poor")\text{hits("excellent")}}}
## Phrases from a thumbs-up review

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phrase</th>
<th>POS tags</th>
<th>Polarity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>online service</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>online experience</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>direct deposit</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>local branch</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>0.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>low fees</td>
<td>JJ NNS</td>
<td>0.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>true service</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>-0.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other bank</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>-0.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inconveniently located</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>-1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>0.32</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Phrases from a thumbs-down review

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phrase</th>
<th>POS tags</th>
<th>Polarity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>direct deposits</td>
<td>JJ NNS</td>
<td>5.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>online web</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>very handy</td>
<td>RB JJ</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>virtual monopoly</td>
<td>JJ NN</td>
<td>-2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lesser evil</td>
<td>RBR JJ</td>
<td>-2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other problems</td>
<td>JJ NNS</td>
<td>-2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>low funds</td>
<td>JJ NNS</td>
<td>-6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>unethical practices</td>
<td>JJ NNS</td>
<td>-8.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>-1.2</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Results of Turney algorithm

- 410 reviews from Epinions
  - 170 (41%) negative
  - 240 (59%) positive
- Majority class baseline: 59%
- Turney algorithm: 74%

- Phrases rather than words
- Learns domain-specific information
Summary on Learning Lexicons

• Advantages:
  • Can be domain-specific
  • Can be more robust (more words)

• Intuition
  • Start with a seed set of words (‘good’, ‘poor’)
  • Find other words that have similar polarity:
    • Using “and” and “but”
    • Using words that occur nearby in the same document
    • Using WordNet synonyms and antonyms

• Use seeds and semi-supervised learning to induce lexicons
PMI based Sentiment Mining Algorithm

- Synonymous words have high Web-PMI with each other

Web-PMI

intuitive
unknown adjective

great + poor - excellent + terrible - ...

known-polarity adjectives

camera context

WebPMI(adj, great) = \frac{HITS(“camera” near adj, great)}{HITS(“camera” NEAR adj) \times HITS(“camera” NEAR great)}

WebPMI feature vector

classifyer

\[ (+/-) \]

F1 Scores: 0.78(+) 0.76(-)
Finding sentiment of a sentence

• Important for finding aspects or attributes
  • Target of sentiment

• The food was great but the service was awful
Finding aspect/attribute/target of sentiment


- **Frequent phrases + rules**
  - Find all highly frequent phrases across reviews ("fish tacos")
  - Filter by rules like “occurs right after sentiment word”
    - “...great fish tacos” means fish tacos a likely aspect

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Aspects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Casino</td>
<td>casino, buffet, pool, resort, beds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children’s Barber</td>
<td>haircut, job, experience, kids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greek Restaurant</td>
<td>food, wine, service, appetizer, lamb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department Store</td>
<td>selection, department, sales, shop, clothing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Finding aspect/attribute/target of sentiment

- The aspect name may not be in the sentence
- For restaurants/hotels, aspects are well-understood
- Supervised classification
  - Hand-label a small corpus of restaurant review sentences with aspect
    - food, décor, service, value, NONE
  - Train a classifier to assign an aspect to a sentence
    - “Given this sentence, is the aspect food, décor, service, value, or NONE’
Putting it all together:
Finding sentiment for aspects

Results of Blair-Goldensohn et al. method

Rooms (3/5 stars, 41 comments)

(+) The room was clean and everything worked fine – even the water pressure ...
(+) We went because of the free room and was pleasantly pleased ...
(-) …the worst hotel I had ever stayed at ...

Service (3/5 stars, 31 comments)

(+) Upon checking out another couple was checking early due to a problem ...
(+) Every single hotel staff member treated us great and answered every ...
(-) The food is cold and the service gives new meaning to SLOW.

Dining (3/5 stars, 18 comments)

(+) our favorite place to stay in biloxi.the food is great also the service ...
(+) Offer of free buffet for joining the Play
How to deal with 7 stars?

Bo Pang and Lillian Lee. 2005. Seeing stars: Exploiting class relationships for sentiment categorization with respect to rating scales. ACL, 115–124

1. Map to binary

2. Use linear or ordinal regression
   • Or specialized models like metric labeling
Summary on Sentiment

- Generally modeled as classification or regression task
  - predict a binary or ordinal label
- Features:
  - Negation is important
  - Using all words (in naïve bayes) works well for some tasks
  - Finding subsets of words may help in other tasks
    - Hand-built polarity lexicons
    - Use seeds and semi-supervised learning to induce lexicons