

COL863: Quantum Computation and Information

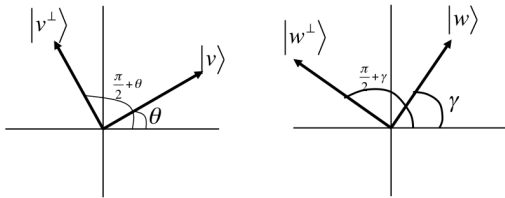
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Introduction: Entanglement

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Entanglement: CHSH game

- We said that one can measure in any orthonormal basis.
- Often, we would want to measure in a basis that is **rotation** of the standard basis.



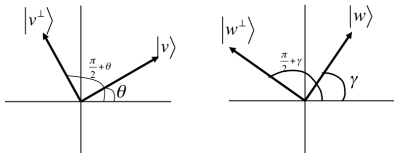
- So, $|v\rangle = \cos \theta |0\rangle + \sin \theta |1\rangle$ and $|v^\perp\rangle = -\sin \theta |0\rangle + \cos \theta |1\rangle$
- Claim: Making a measurement in the $\{|v\rangle, |v^\perp\rangle\}$ basis is the same as making a measurement in the standard basis after applying the following gate:

$$\text{Rot}_\theta = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

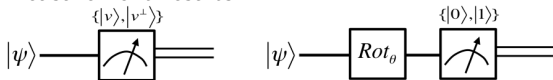
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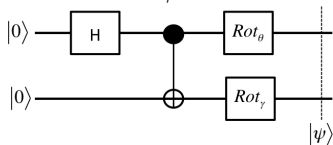
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- In terms of circuits, the following two circuits exhibit the same measurement results.



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Entanglement: CHSH game

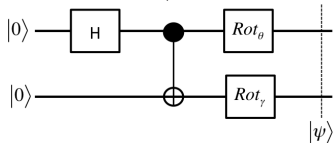
- Let $\Delta = \theta - \gamma$. What is output of the following circuit $|\psi\rangle$?



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- Let $\Delta = \theta - \gamma$. What is output of the following circuit $|\psi\rangle$?



$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\cos \Delta |00\rangle + \sin \Delta |01\rangle - \sin \Delta |10\rangle + \cos \Delta |11\rangle)$$

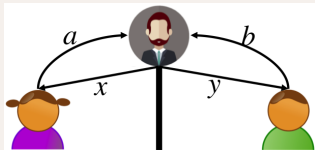
- Corollary: Suppose Alice has the first qubit and Bob has the second qubit. Then on measurement of $|\psi\rangle$, the output is same with probability $\cos^2 \Delta$ and different with probability $\sin^2 \Delta$.

Introduction

Entanglement: CHSH game

CHSH game

Alice and Bob receive randomly generated bits $x, y \in \{0, 1\}$ respectively from a Charlie. Their goal is to respond with bits a and b such that $a \oplus b = x \wedge y$. They are not allowed to communicate after receiving x and y .



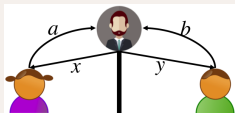
- Lemma 1: There is no classical deterministic or randomized strategy that allows Alice and Bob to win with probability more than $3/4$.
- Lemma 2: There is a quantum strategy that allows Alice and Bob to win with probability $\cos^2 \pi/8 \approx 0.85 > 3/4$.

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CHSH game

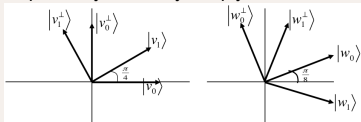
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- **Lemma 2:** There is a quantum strategy that allows Alice and Bob to win with probability $\cos^2 \pi/8 \approx 0.85 > 3/4$.

Quantum strategy

- Alice and Bob share an EPR pair $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |00\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |11\rangle$ to start with.
- Alice and Bob measure in basis $\{|v_x\rangle, |v_x^\perp\rangle\}$, $\{|w_x\rangle, |w_x^\perp\rangle\}$ respectively and they simply return their measurement outputs.



End