Tutorial Sheet 8

Sept 28, 30, Oct 1

- 1. How many n-digit decimal sequences (using the digits 0 9) are there in which the digits 1, 2 and 3 all appear?
- 2. How many arrangements of 52 letters, 2 As, 2 Bs, 2 Cs, etc. are there with no pair of consecutive letters the same?
- 3. How many ways are there of dealing a 13 card hand with at least one void in a suit?
- 4. The Mobius function $\mu(n)$ is 0 if n contains a square factor and is $(-1)^r$ if n is the product of r different primes. For any $n \ge 2$, prove that $\sum_{d|n} \mu(d) = 0$.
- 5. If 8 dies are rolled what is the probability that all 6 numbers appear?
- 6. How many bit strings of length 10 contain either five consecutive 0s or five consecutive 1s.
- 7. Use the product rule to show that there are 2^{2^n} different truth tables for propositions in n variables.
- 8. Find a formula for the number of ways to seat r of n people around a circular table, where seatings are considered the same if every person has the same two neighbors without regard to which side these neighbors are sitting on.

9. Let n and k be integers with
$$1 \le k \le n$$
. Show that $\sum_{k=1}^{n} \binom{n}{k} \binom{n}{k-1} = \binom{2n+2}{n+1}/2 - \binom{2n}{n}$

- 10. How many ways are there to distribute six indistinguishable objects into four indistinguishable boxes so that each of the boxes contains at least one object?
- 11. Suppose that S is a set with n elements. How many ordered pairs (A, B) are there such that A and B are subsets of S with $A \subseteq B$? [Hint: Show that each element of S belongs to A, B A, or S B.]